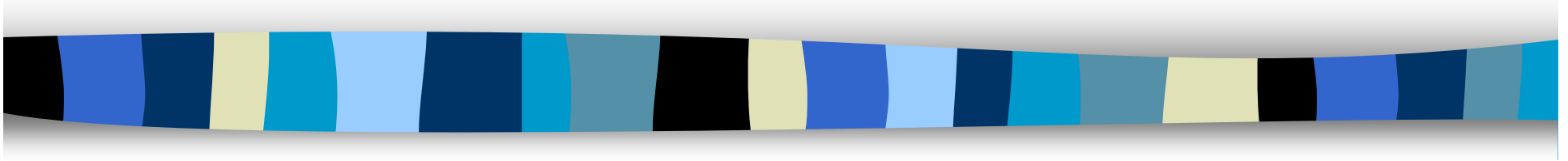


Air Quality Management 101

Utah Division of Air Quality



<http://www.airquality.utah.gov>



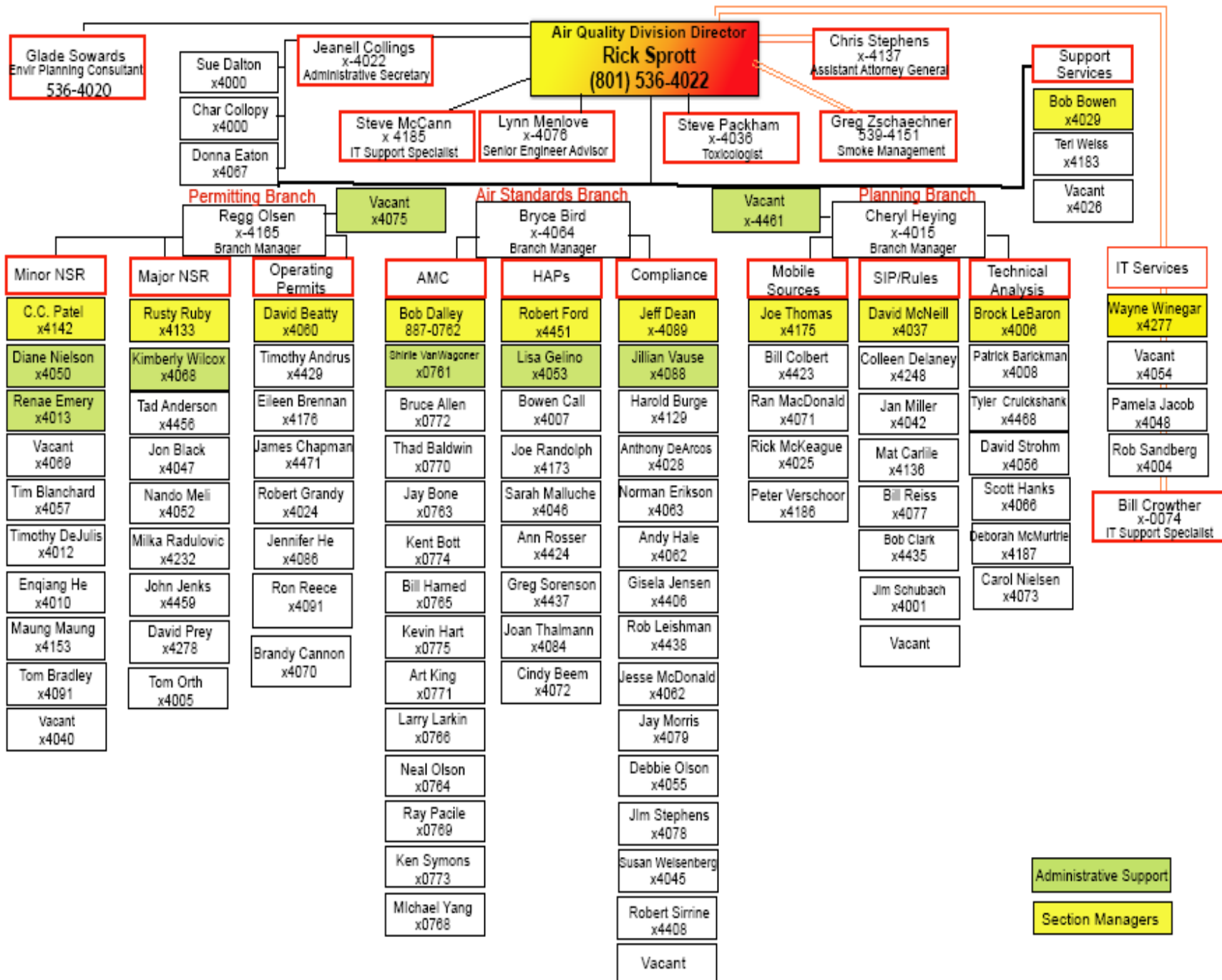
Summary

- The air is cleaner today than it was 10 years ago.
- On the other hand, we know that very small quantities of air pollution are more harmful than we knew 10 years ago.
- We don't know enough about HAPs, especially about interactions among them.



Federal Clean Air Act

- Passed in 1970; last amended in 1990
- Major policies:
 - National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) & procedures (plans, permitting, monitoring, etc.)
 - Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)
 - Acid Rain
 - Mobile Sources
 - Stratospheric Ozone Protection
 - Visibility
 - Operating Permits
 - Compliance and Enforcement





Air Quality Standards

- EPA establishes health standards based on epidemiological studies and laboratory tests
- Standards are set to protect the most sensitive people
 - Elderly, children, people with respiratory disease
- Cost is not considered in setting the standards—it is considered in implementing the standards.



Air Quality Monitoring Network

- Monitors are located throughout Utah
- Concentrated along Wasatch Front



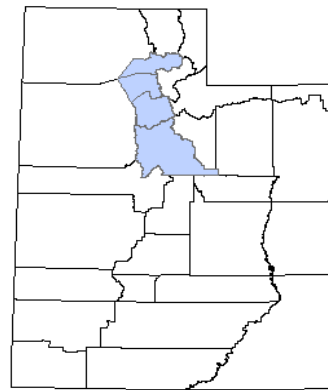
Pollutants of National Concern

- **Particulate Matter (PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5})** – Spread out over wide area
 - Problem / Health Effect: Gets caught deep in lungs – Asthma. Recent evidence it affects the heartbeat.
 - Sources: Vehicles, Woodburning, Tilling (summer), Sand/Gravel Operations, Combustion
- **Ozone (O₃)** – Spread out over wide area
 - Problem / Health Effect: Long term lung damage (cracking, etc)
 - Sources: Vehicles, Forests, Combustion Processes
- **Carbon Monoxide (CO)** – Very Localized
 - Problem / Health Effect: Short term suffocation
 - Sources: **VEHICLES**, Woodburning, Space Heating



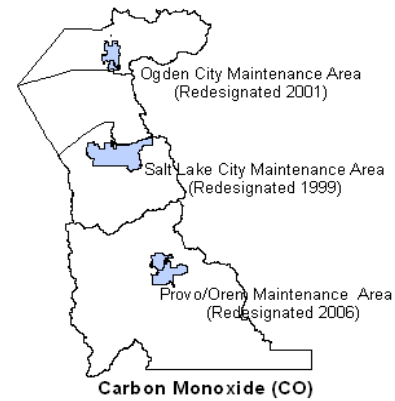
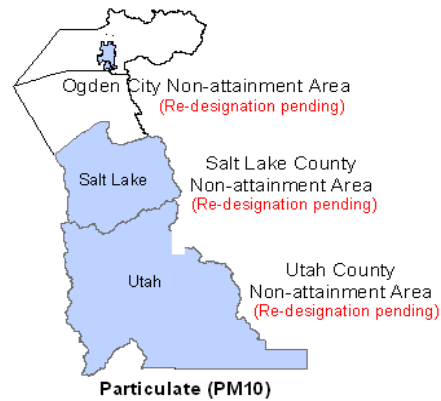
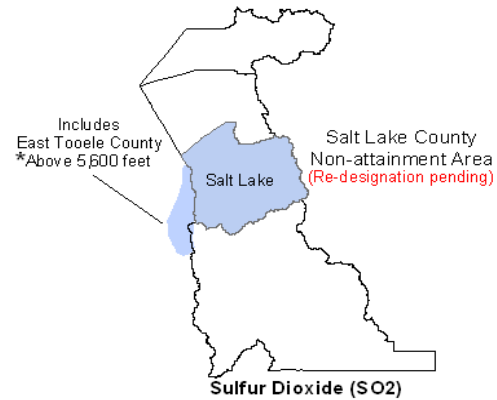
Air Quality Standards

- What standards are we close to?
 - Ozone: 80 ppb – (8-Hr)
 - PM2.5:
 - Currently 15 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (annual) & 65 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (24-hr)
 - Proposed 15 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (annual) & 35 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (24-hr)
- Where are we close?
 - Ozone: Wasatch Front
 - PM2.5: Cache Valley

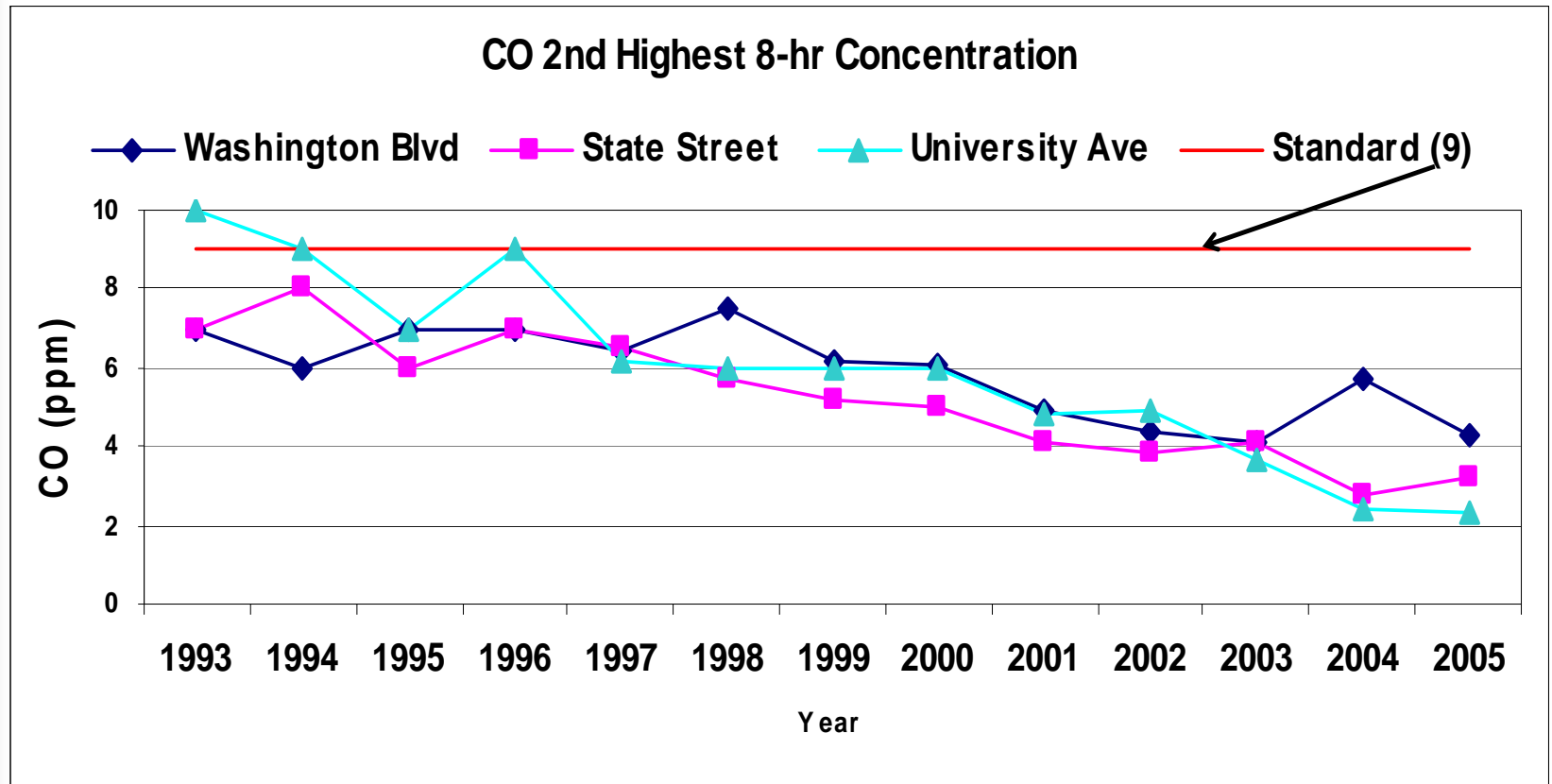


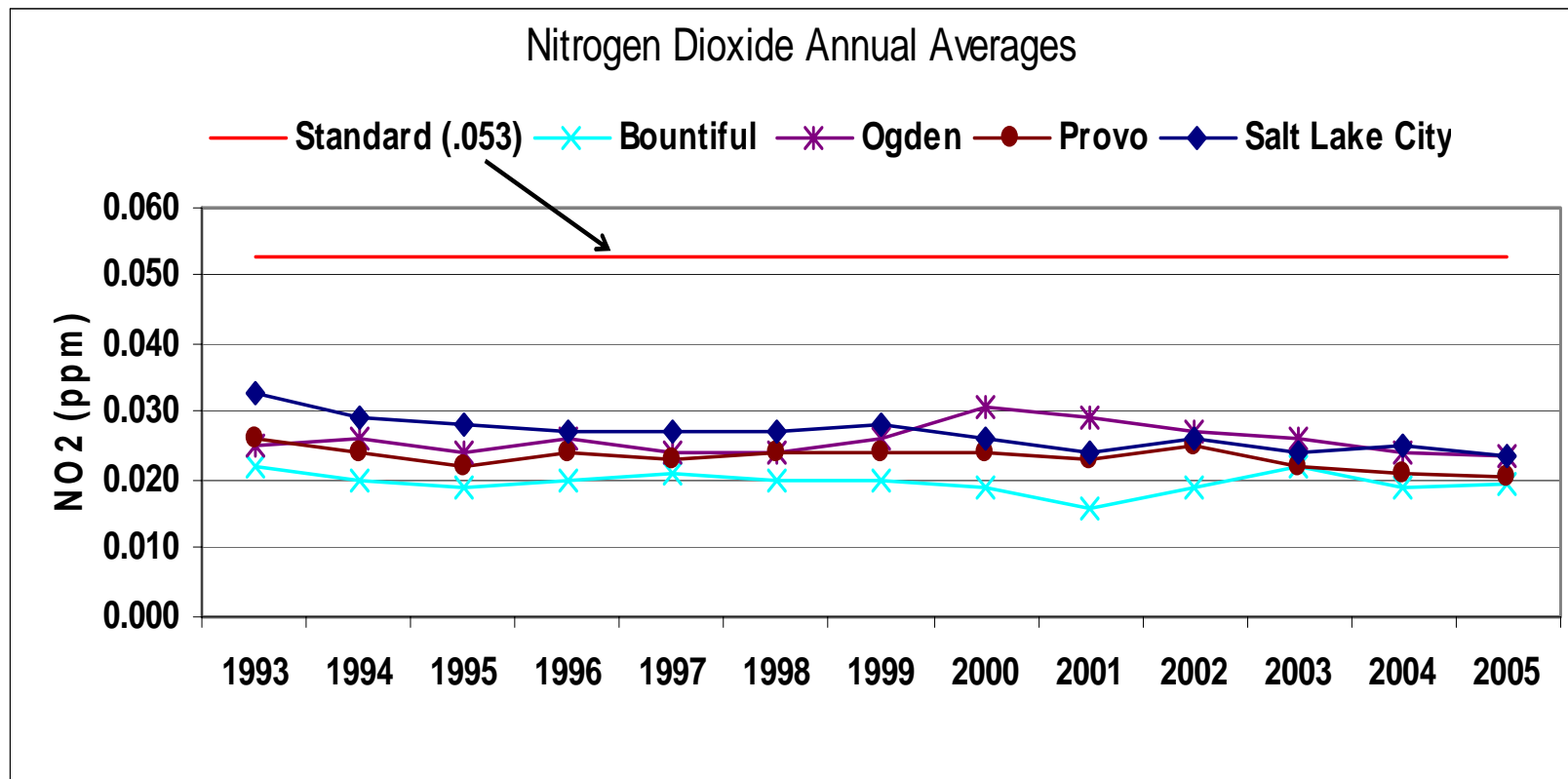
Wasatch Front Counties

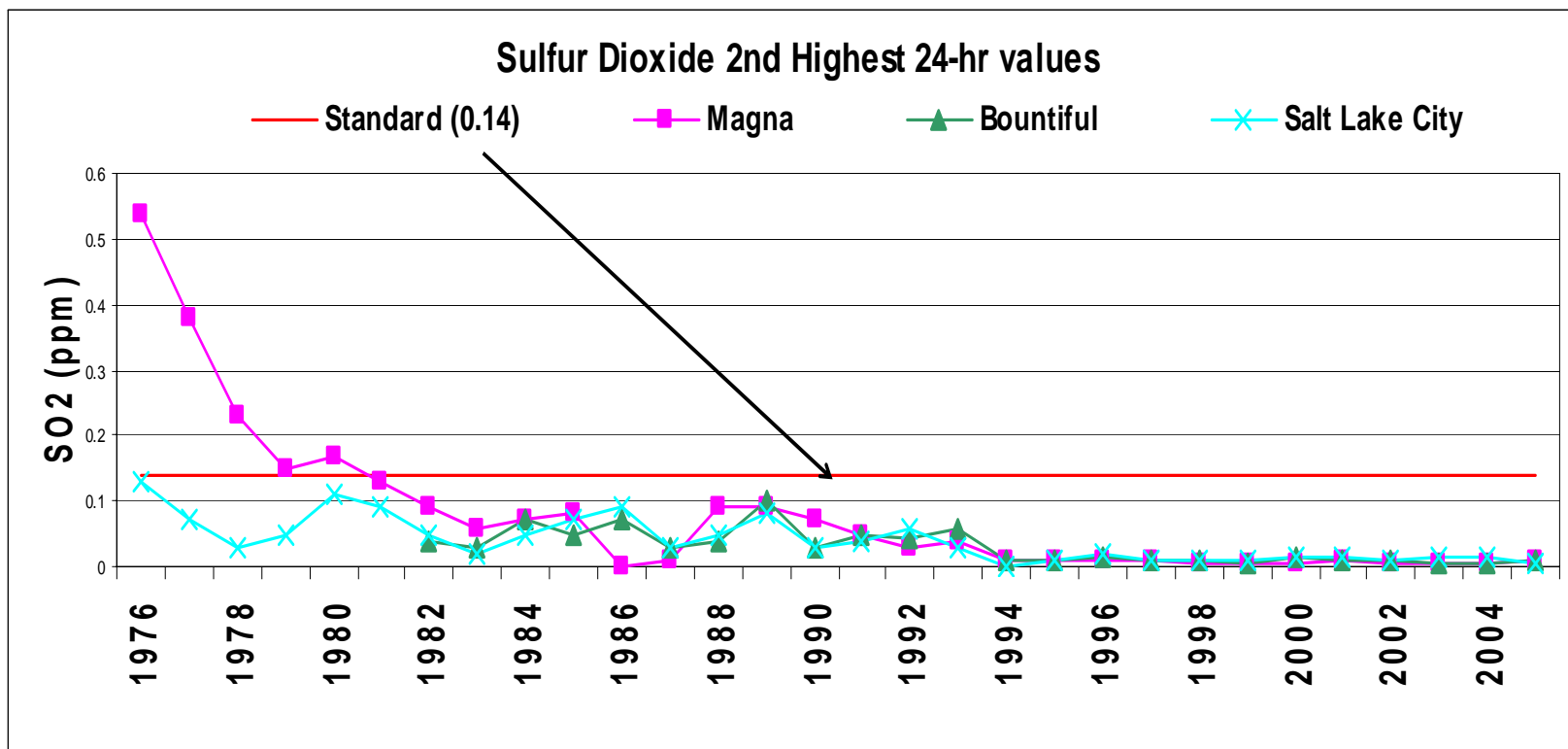
**State of Utah
National Ambient Air Quality Standards
Areas of Non-attainment and Maintenance
(Effective January 2006)**

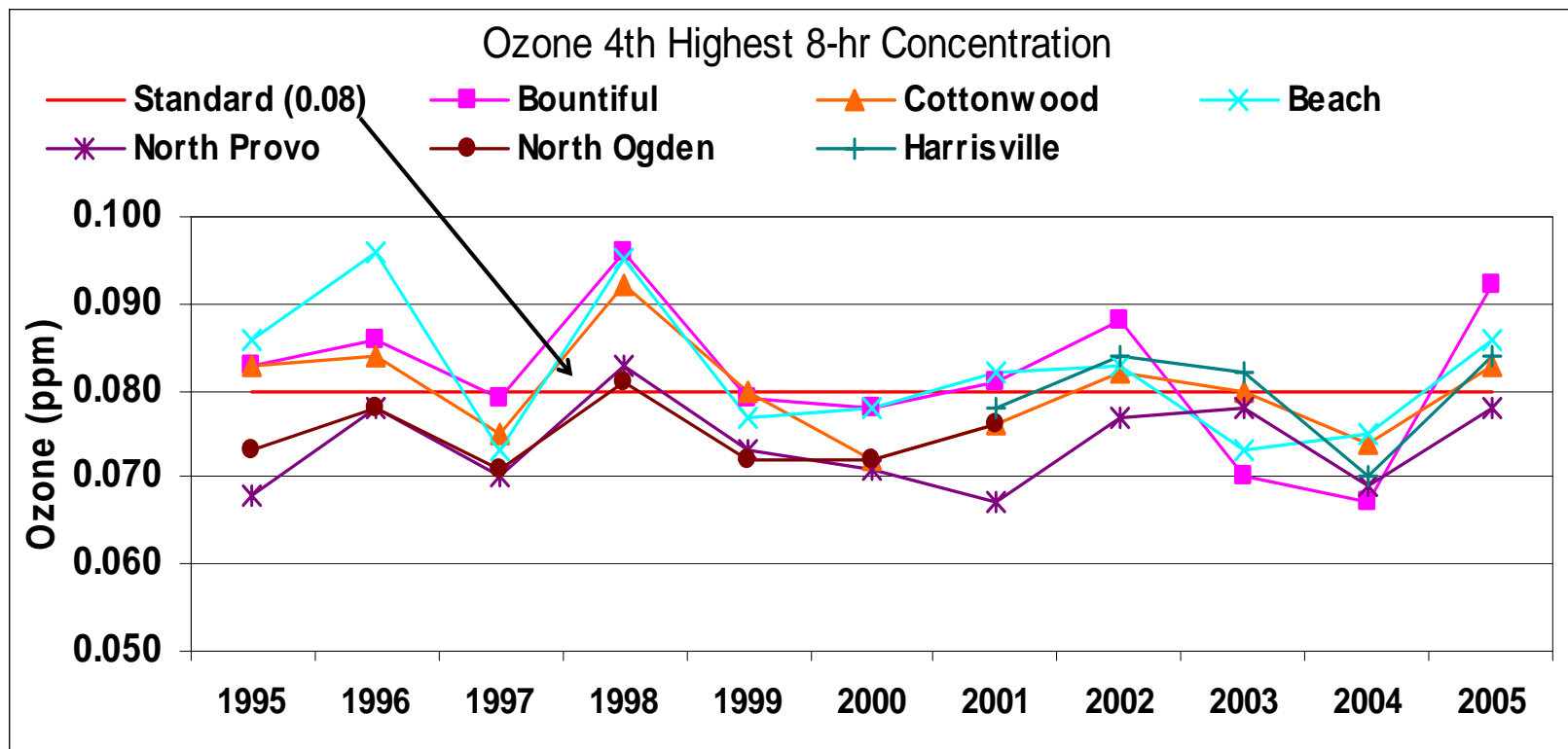


Note: The entire state is in attainment for PM_{2.5} and 8-hour Ozone

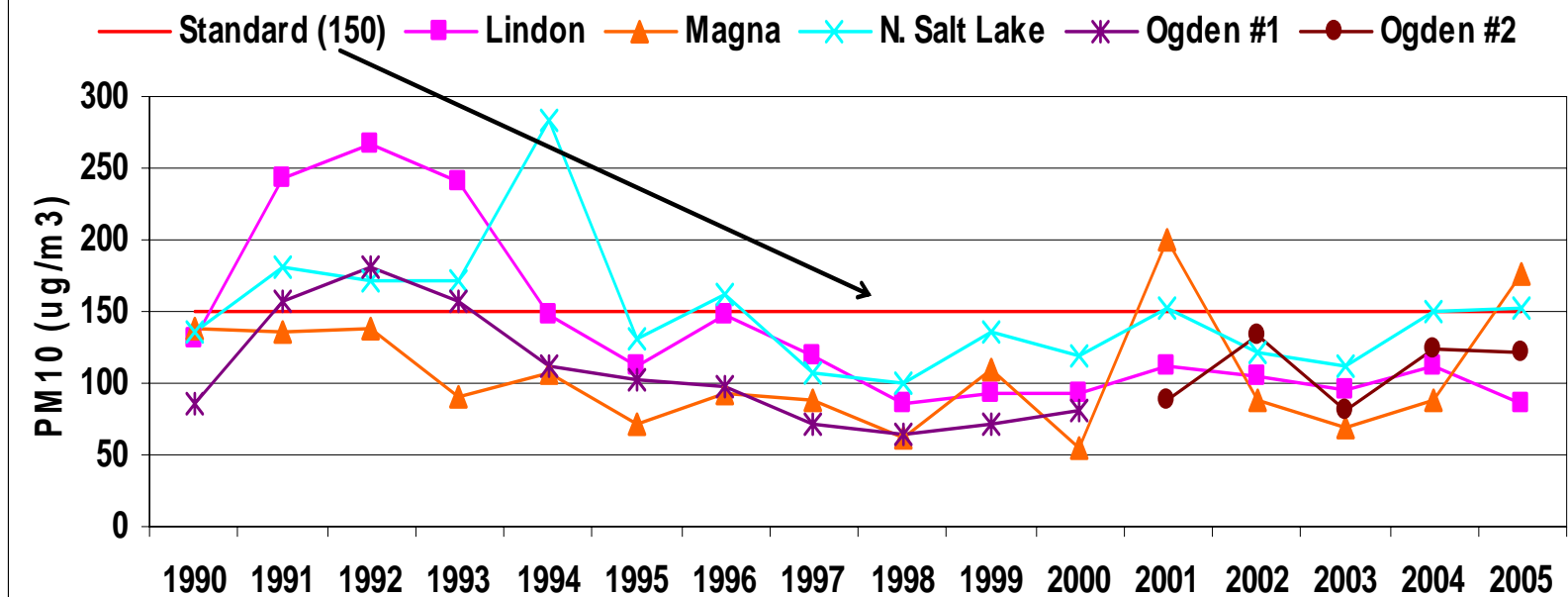


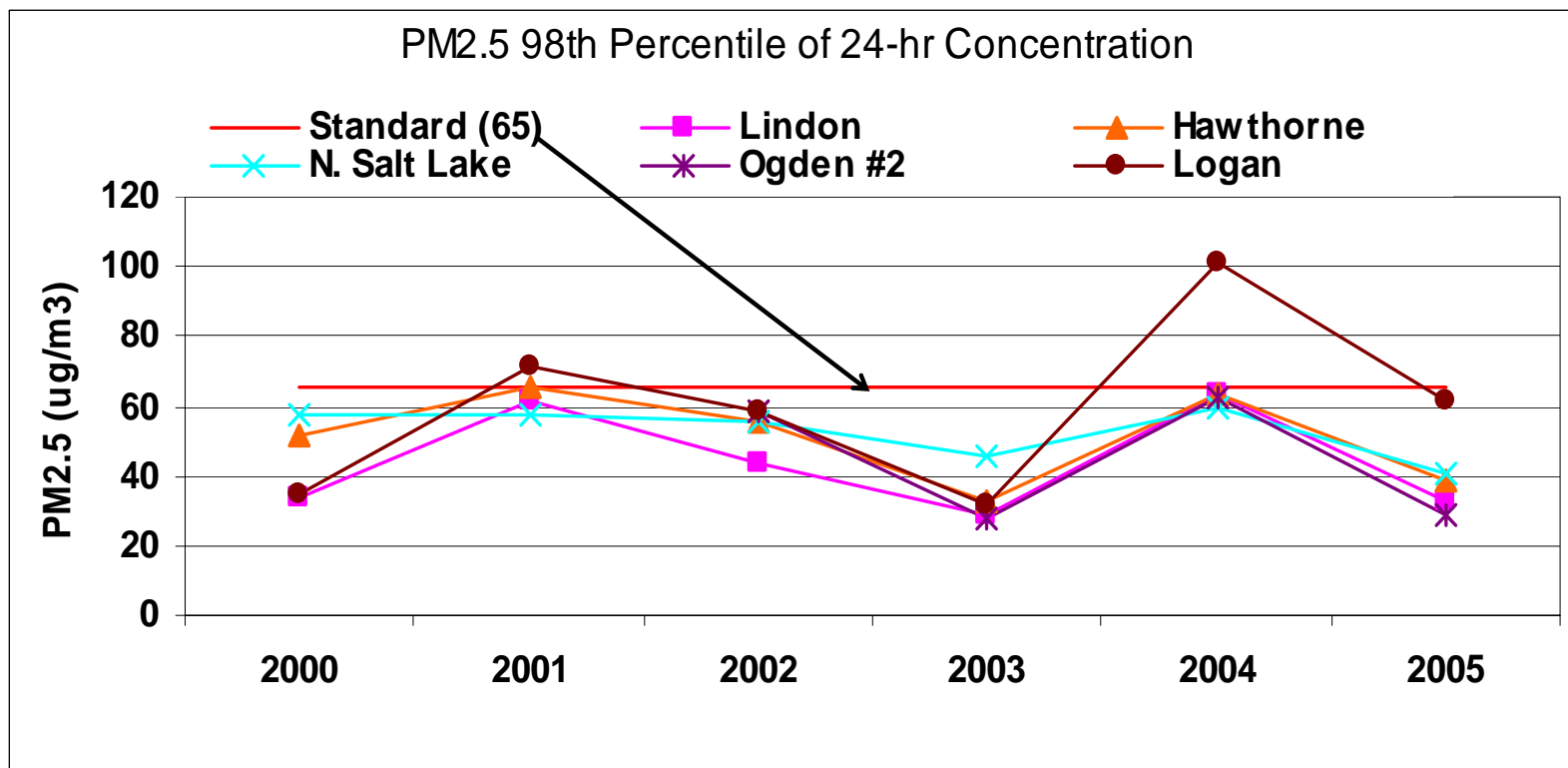






PM10 Highest 24-hr Concentration







What is a State Implementation Plan?

- A SIP is a federally-enforceable document that outlines the broad air program in a state
- The SIP is also a planning tool
 - to reduce pollution in areas that do not meet the health standards, i.e.:
 - PM10, PM 2.5
 - Ozone
 - Carbon Monoxide
 - Sulfur Dioxide
 - To keep air quality from degrading in clean areas



Issues/Projects in Planning

- Cache County PM
- Mercury
- Oil and Gas
- Regional Haze
- PSD/NSR rules
- Federal Approval of ALL SIPS (SO₂, PM₁₀, Inventory Rule)



Air Permits

- Two types of permits in Utah
 - Approval Orders (AO) – NSR or construction permits (Title I of CAA)
 - PSD
 - Major or Non-Attainment NSR
 - Minor NSR
 - Operating Permits (Title V of CAA)



Approval Orders

- Began in 1969
- Utah Admin Code R307-401
 - New
 - Modified
 - Relocated
- “. . . will or might reasonably be expected to increase . . . or change the effect of . . . air contaminants discharged”
- Small Source Exemptions



What an AO Is Not

- A mechanism to control nuisances such as
 - Odors
 - Noise
 - Others
- A zoning mechanism



Annual Program Effort

- 313 Permitting documents in FY05
- 129 Approval Orders issued
- 184 Other misc documents
 - Sales tax exemptions
 - Name changes
 - Emissions banking actions
 - etc



Funding NSR Program

- Total Program Cost is ~ \$1.2M
- Charge permittees for direct permit effort (\$70/hr)
 - Accounts for \$500K to \$900K per year
- 105 Grant makes up difference



Title V Operating Permit Program

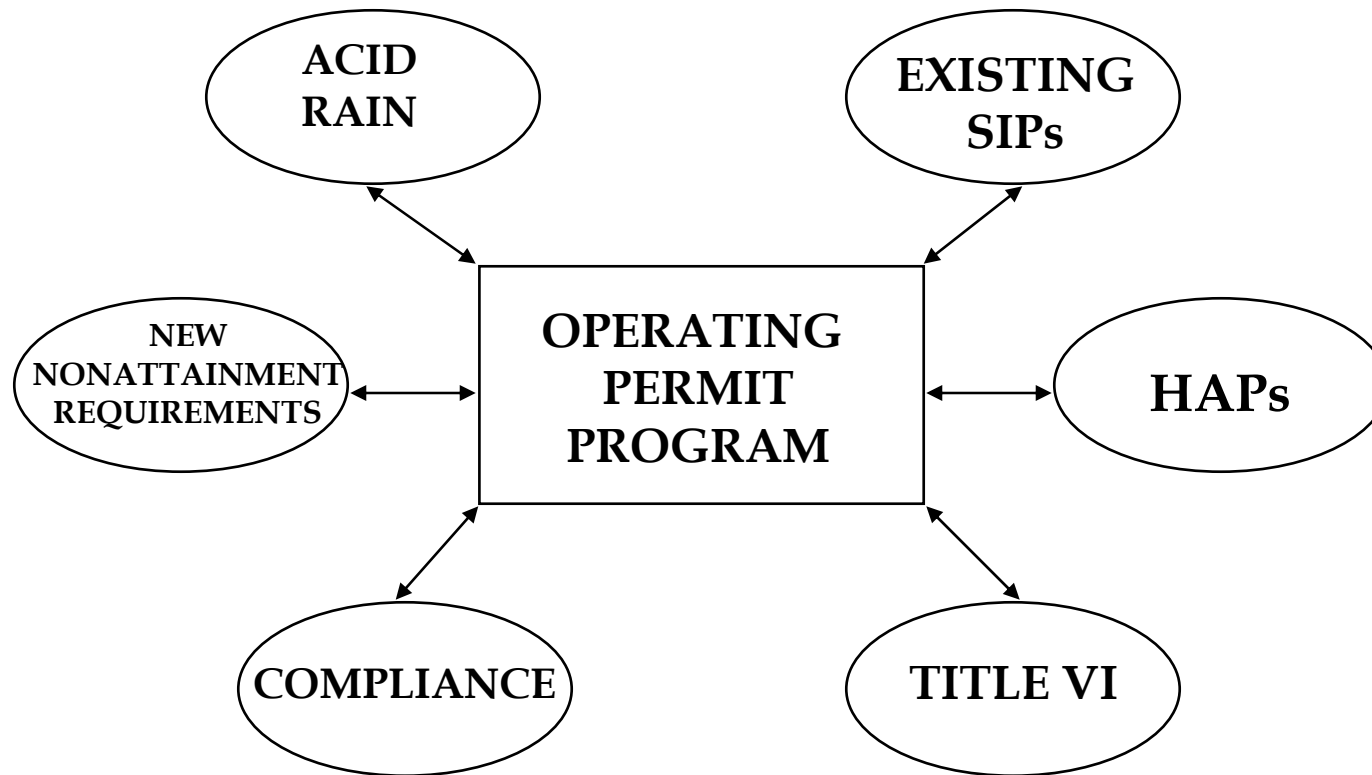
- Consolidate requirements
- Greater certainty for sources
- An enforcement tool
- Five year term
- Public/EPA involvement



Title V Operating Permit Program (Cont'd)

- No new control requirements
- Monitoring, Recordkeeping, and Reporting
- Compliance certification

The Single Enforcement Document



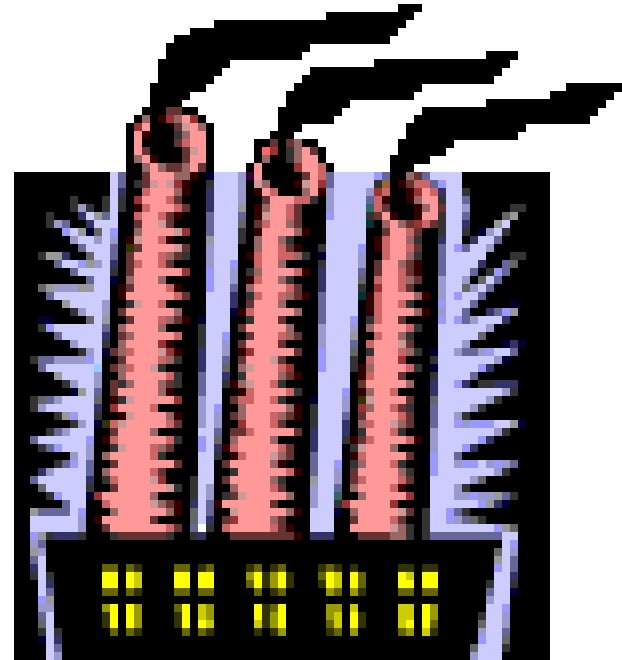


OPS Fee

- CAA mandates program be self supporting
- Program cost is approx \$3.4M per year with 34 FTEs (in most division sections)
- Simple method (cost ÷ tons of emissions)
 - Emissions decrease but sources don't – workload remains same but fee increases
- Fee proposed by AQB and then goes to Legislature each year
- Proposed fee for next year is \$43.03/ton

CURRENT ISSUES

- NSR Reform
 - PALs
 - Clean Unit Exemption (vacated by court)
 - Pollution Control Project (vacated by court)
 - Emission Calculations
 - Definition of Routine Maintenance & Repair
- Oil & Gas Initiative
- Definition of Modification

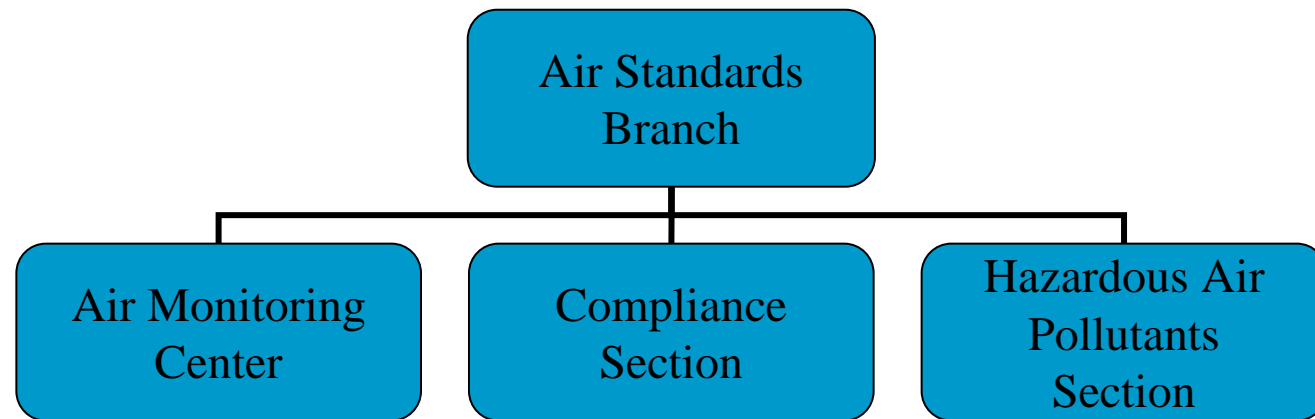




CURRENT ISSUES (cont'd)

- Power Plant Appeals
 - IPP
 - Sevier Power
- Sand & Gravel Pits (incl Asphalt Plants)

Air Standards Branch Organization



Air Monitoring Center

- Monitors are located throughout Utah
- Concentrated along Wasatch Front



Utah Division of Air Quality Monitoring Network

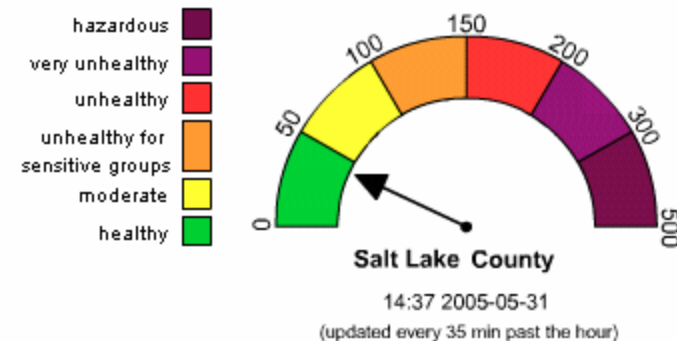


Air Monitoring Center

- Air Monitoring Network
 - Design and Maintenance
- Meteorological Monitoring
- Air Pollution Trends
- Public Information
- Special Studies

Clean Air/Ozone Action

Counties	Conditions
Salt Lake / Davis	
Utah	
Weber	
Cache	

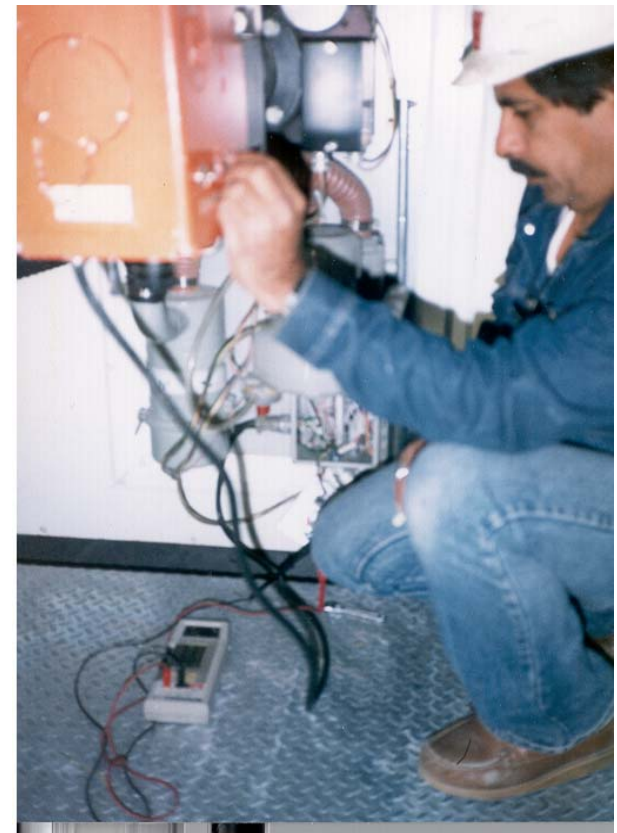


Compliance Section

Inspections

Audits

Complaints





DAQ ANNUAL INSPECTIONS

- DAQ Regulates over 2000 sources.
- Inspections are conducted to determine compliance with all applicable air requirements.
- Regulations and policies are intended to:
 - Achieve voluntary compliance
 - Achieve continuous compliance



DAQ AUDITS, STACK TESTS, AND CEMS

- Audits ensure compliance with emission limits.
- Audits ensure the accuracy of the emission inventory.
- 100 – 150 Audits are performed annually.

COMPLAINTS RECEIVED

- 400 – 500 complaints are received annually.
- Many complaints involve minor nuisances.



Hazardous Air Pollutants Section

- **National Emission Standards for**
- **Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP)**
- **Maximum Achievable Control Technology (MACT)**

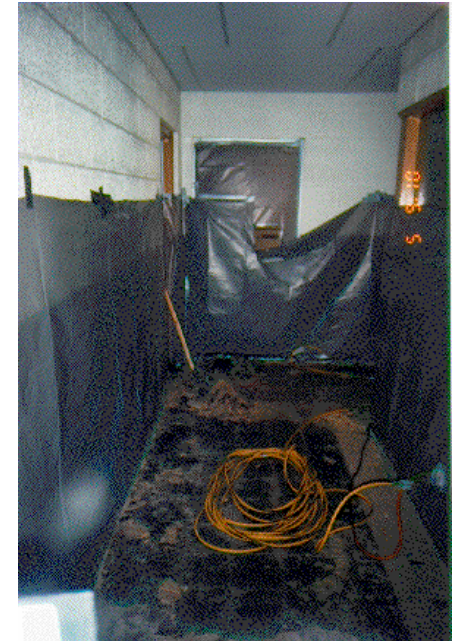


HAPS



- **Lead-Based Paint** - Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) and state rules
- Accreditation of training programs
- Certification of individuals and firms
- Work practices for lead-based paint activities
- Outreach activities

HAPS



- **Asbestos in Schools** - Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA)
- Approval of training providers
- Certification of individuals and companies
- Review of asbestos Management Plans
- Inspections of school buildings (20 per year)
- Inspections of asbestos abatement in schools (20 per year)

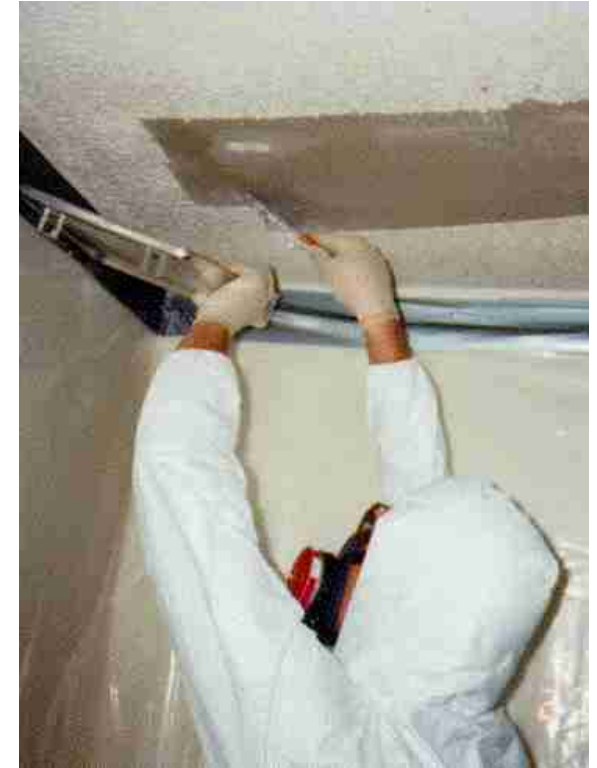
HAPS

Asbestos NESHAP

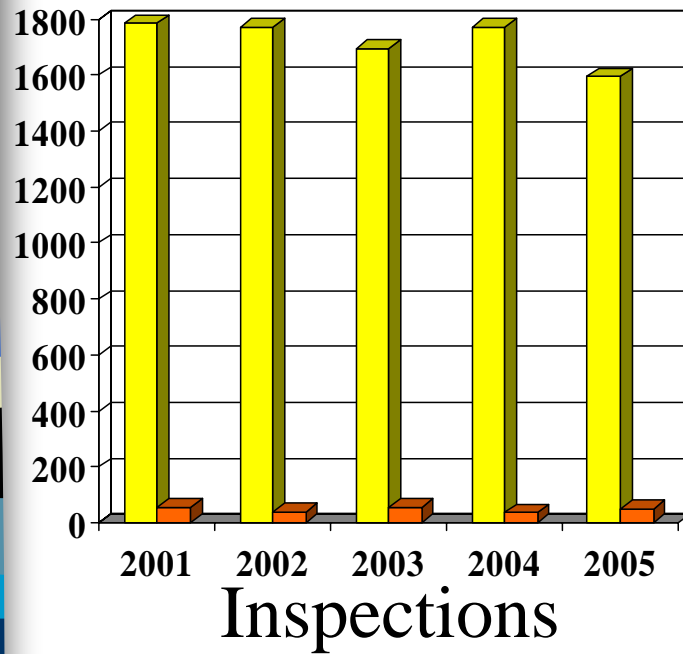
- Review of asbestos project notifications (400 per year)
- Review of demolition notifications for structures (400 per year)

Asbestos State Rules - R307-801

- Certification of individuals (200 per year) and companies (30 per year)
- Review of alternate work practices (10 per year)
- Inspection of asbestos abatement projects and demolition of structures (130 per year)
- Asbestos outreach activities

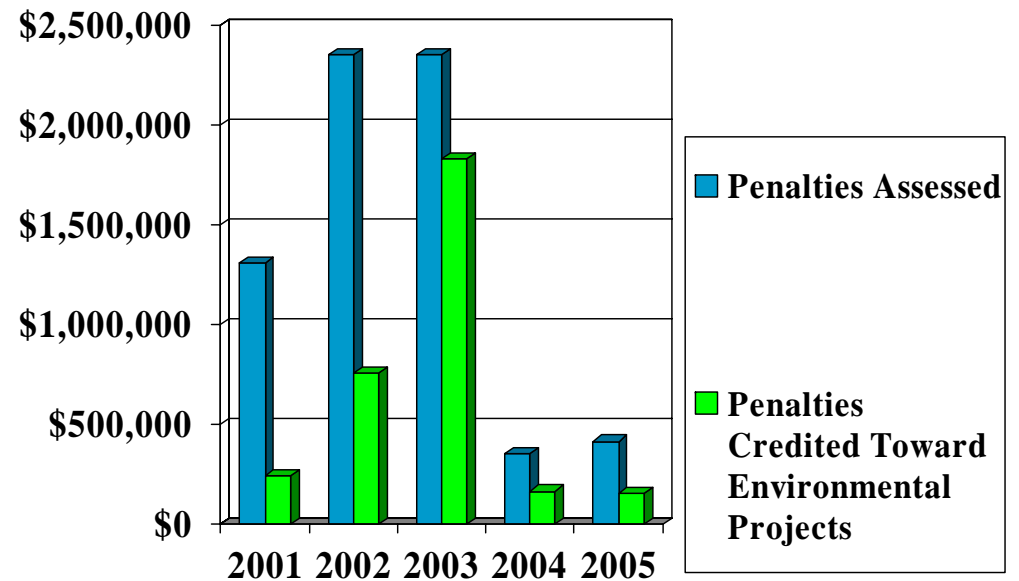


Enforcement



98% Compliance Rate

Inspections
Violations



Penalties Assessed
Penalties Credited Toward Environmental Projects

Penalties



Air Standards Branch Issues

- New Standards
 - Proposed NAAQS
 - MACT's
 - Lead-based Paint Renovation Rule
- Animal Feeding Operation Air Quality Strategy
- Growth/Encroachment
- Air Toxics
- Funding/Budgets
 - Personnel
 - Equipment
 - Vehicles



Choose Clean Air Website

– www.cleanair.utah.gov